## Syllabus, BCG Webinar 20 August 2019

## Ten Tools and Tips for Genealogical Writing

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- 1. Recognize the necessity. We need to write in order to prove, preserve, and propagate what we have learned. Without it our work will be dust in the wind.
- 2. Understand the options. These include instructional writing, proof arguments (usually journal articles but sometimes embedded in lineage-society applications), reviews, family histories (usually books), narratives (be careful), historical fiction (be even more careful), client reports, and more.
- 3. Furnish the mind; follow the best, but don't ignore the also-rans. An imperfect effort may be easier to take apart and understand than a perfect one. Know your audience.
- 4. Practice! Don't postpone writing until the research is finished. Write as you go insofar as possible. Schedule writing to match your best times of day or week. Consider setting stepwise goals.
- **5. WRITE FIRST, EDIT LATER!** Do not try to engage two different gears at once.
- 6. Revise early and often.
- 7. Start (almost) anywhere. Often the best opening paragraph appears only as we near the end of our work. Ideally it will both summarize the work *and* provide a vivid example.
- 8. Make the reader's task easier by doing four things:
- (a) follow the logic. No amount of eloquence or trickery can overcome a flawed logical structure, any more than a badly framed house can be held up by stapling siding onto it. See Genealogy Standard 68.
- (b) unless you are knowingly writing a narrative, keep the documentation in the footnotes and the people of the past in the main story.
  - (c) strictly scrutinize needless adverbs, adjectives, and the passive voice, and
  - (d) by contrast, be generous with verbs, nouns, and connectives (verbal signposts).
  - (e) just for good measure, read Standard 69's list of nine things we should NOT be doing!
- 9. Find good critics and treasure them. They make the task easier. Writers' groups can help.
- 10. Understand editing and editors. Editing can take place on at least three levels: logical structure, organization of paragraphs and sentences, and detailing of word choice and punctuation. And editors can proceed in at least three ways: rewriting, making suggestions, and asking questions.

Level / Mode	Rewrite	Suggest	Question
Thinking (Overall Structure)			
Organizing (Paragraph, Sentence, and Rhythm)			
Detailing (Word Choice and Punctuation)			

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